

BACKGROUND

Monitoring stream connectivity since 2016

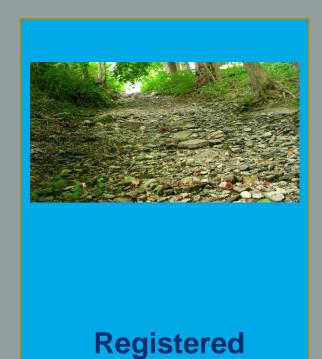
Original purpose: monitor impacts of registered groundwater diversions

Since evolved to also monitor:

- Regional Monitoring Network streams
- Headwater streams
- Streams downstream of dams required to make streamflow releases under the Streamflow Regulations
- Impacts of a hydropower facility
- Streams near USGS stream gages uploading photos to Flow Photo Explorer

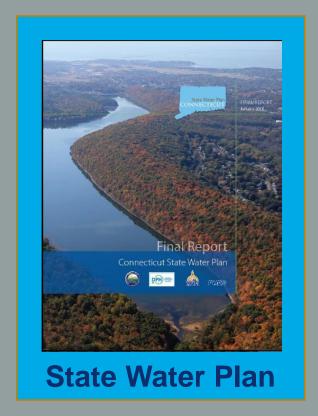


BACKGROUND



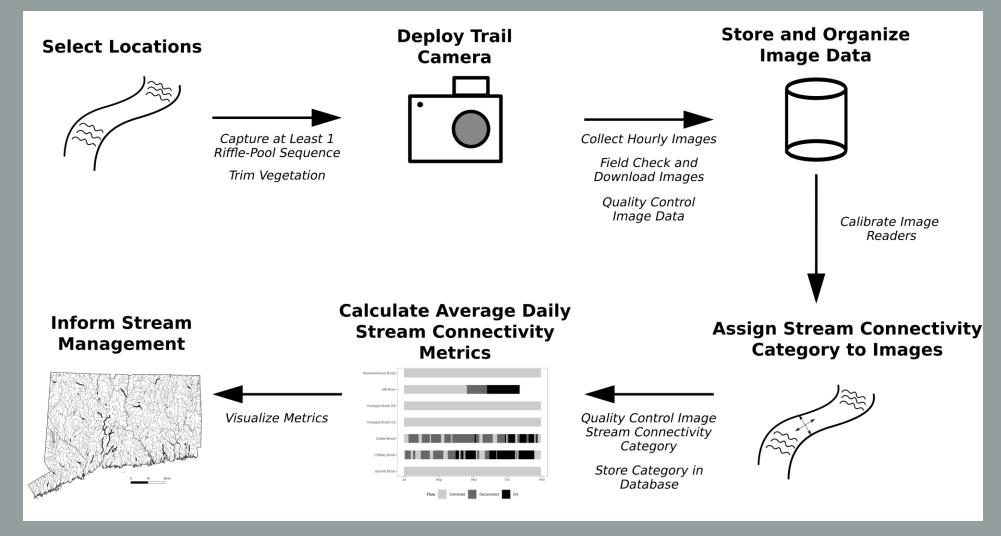
Diversions







METHOD



Bellucci, CJ, Becker, ME, Czarnowski, M, Fitting, C. A novel method to evaluate stream connectivity using trail cameras. River Res Applic. 2020; 36: 1504–1514.

EQUIPMENT, SETTINGS, & FIELD PROTOCOLS

Reconyx Hyperfire 2 or Other Trail Camera

1 picture every hour, day only (if option is available)

Target deployment period: July 1 through October 31 (Rearing & Growth Bioperiod)

Typically deploy in May-June and take down in November

Sites near USGS gages remain up all year

Check on cameras in August

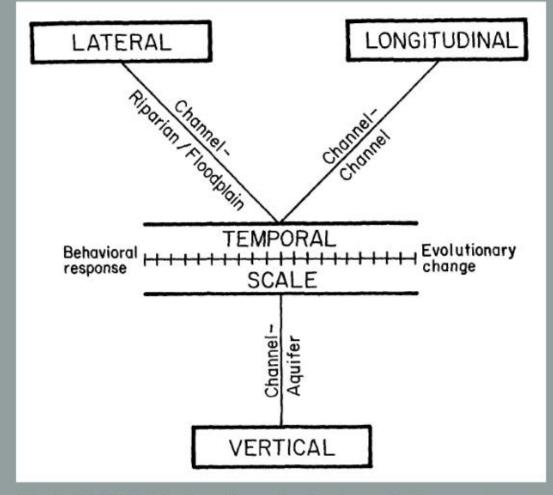
- Make sure cameras are still taking pictures as programmed
- Clear any vegetation that has grown in front of camera lens
- Swap SD card
- Check batteries, replace if voltage drops below 1.50 volts







FLOW-HABITAT CONNECTIVITY



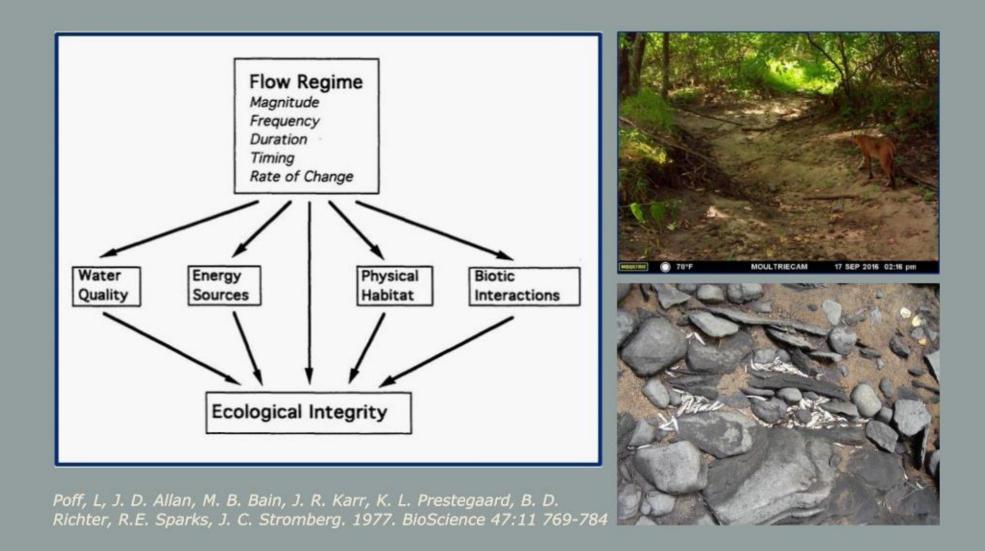


Ward, JV. 1989. The four dimensional nature of lotic ecosystems. JNABS 8:2-8.

STREAM CONNECTIVITY CATEGORIES



THE NATURAL FLOW REGIME



STREAM CONNECTIVITY METRICS

DURATION

A period of time an image is associated with a category

Average number of consecutive days in category 1

FREQUENCY

How often an image is in a category

Number of days in category 1

MAGNITUDE

Provides a statistical summary of a category

Average flow category

TIMING

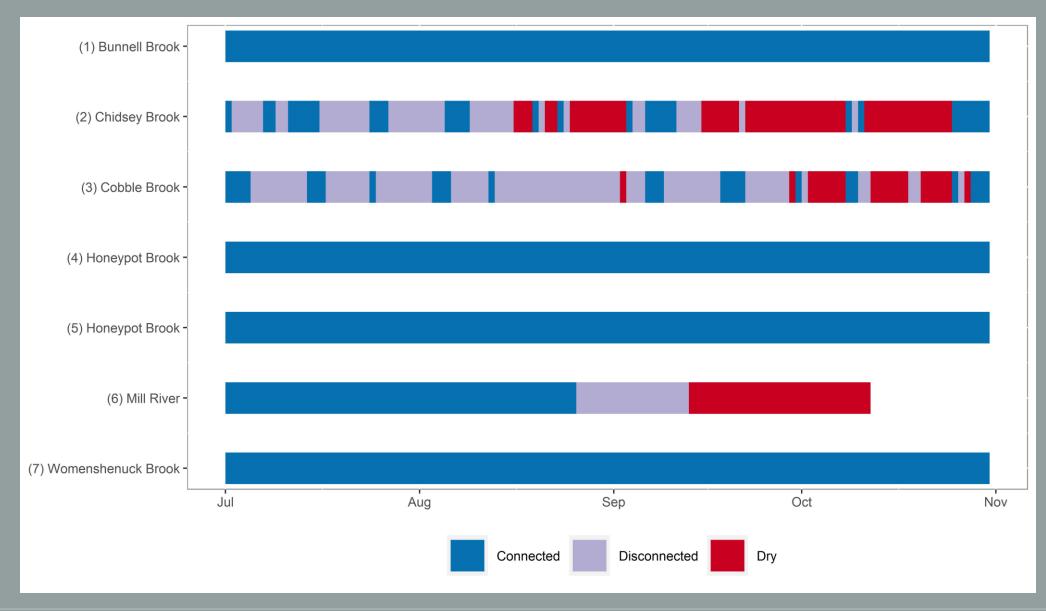
Describes when a category occurs temporally

Julian Day of 1st observation in category 1

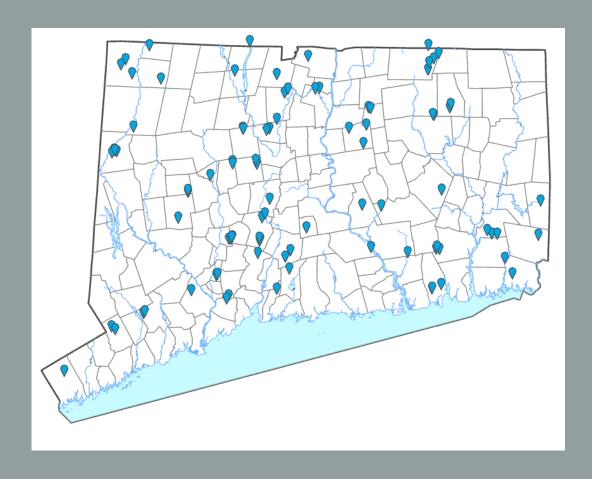
30 Stream
Connectivity
Metrics

https://github.com/marybecker/streamconnectivitymetrics

METRICS EXAMPLE



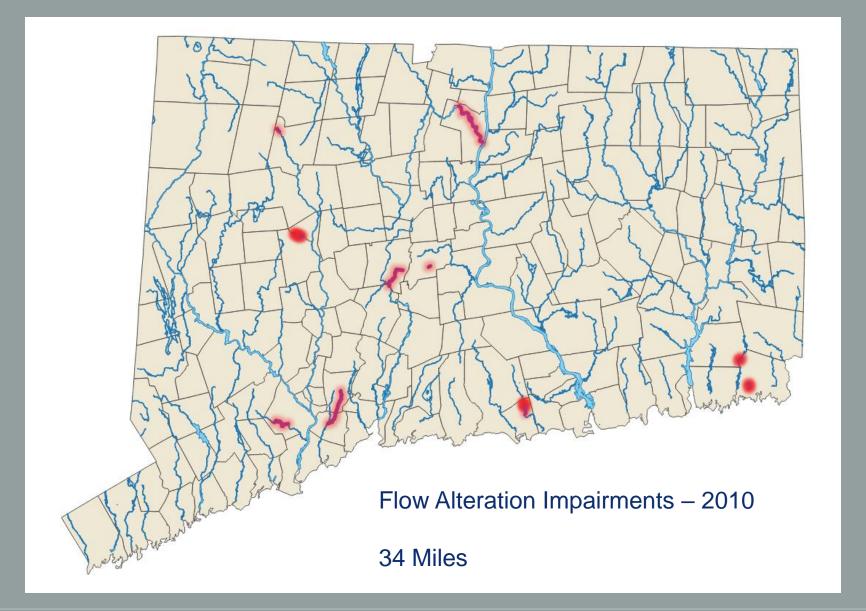
UNIVERSE OF TRAIL CAMERAS SINCE 2016



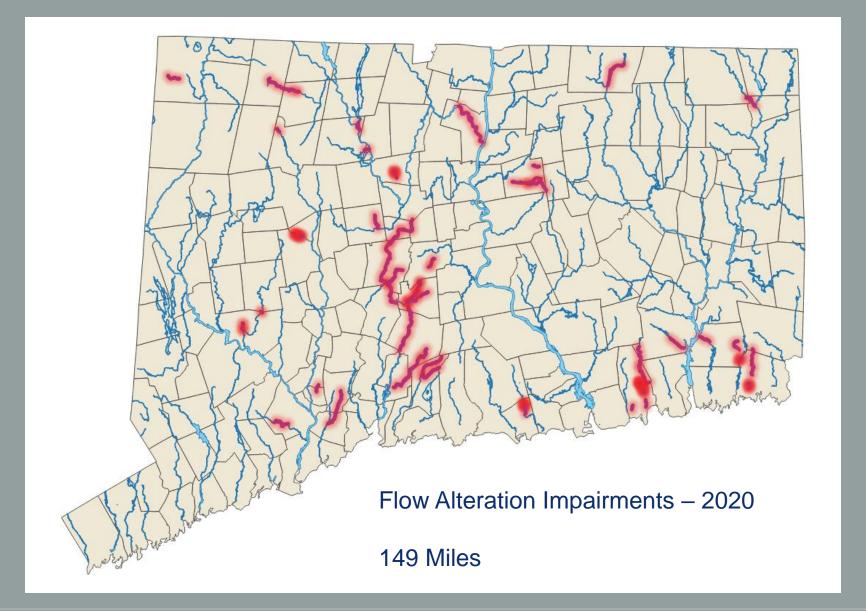
Year	# of Sites Monitored	# of Images
2016	5	1,452
2017	17	17,123
2018	25	135,065
2019	37	181,627
2020	32	184,791
2021	24	111,782
2022	21	86,172
2023	38	63,475

781,487 ... and counting!

INTEGRATED WATER QUALITY REPORT



INTEGRATED WATER QUALITY REPORT



BRIDE BROOK, EAST LYME CT



Bride Brook is one of Connecticut's premier alewife migration runs.

The previous diversion permit (expired August 26, 2023) allowed a maximum withdrawal of 0.56 MGD from a well located immediately south of Bride Lake.

Bride Brook trail camera data helped build a case for more stringent permit conditions.

The new diversion permit included a requirement to install and maintain the stream gage at the proper location, monitor streamflow, and cut back pumping when streamflow is low.







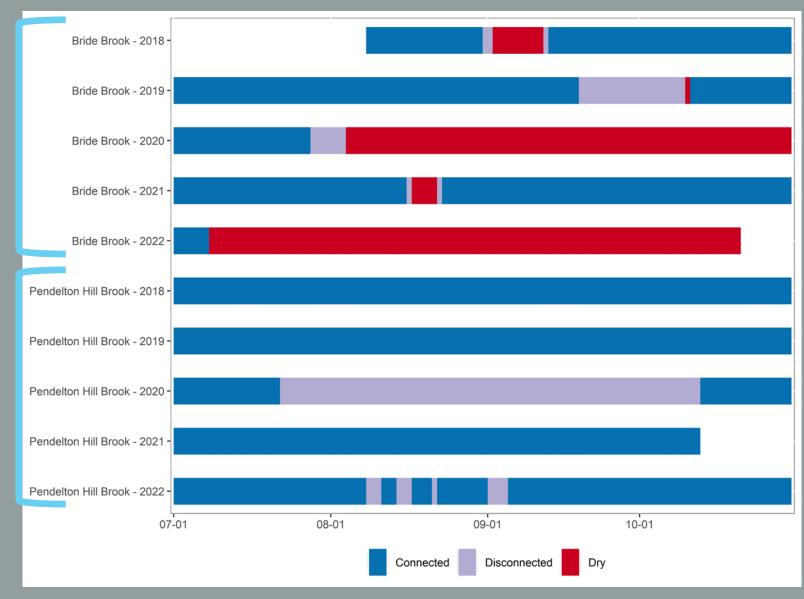
RANGE OF STREAMFLOW CONDITIONS

USGS CT Streamflow Rank (relative to previous water years)									
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
January – March	Normal	Below Normal	Above Normal	Above Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal		
April – June	Below Normal	Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Normal	Below Normal	Normal		
July – September	Much Below Normal	Normal	Much Above Normal	Normal	Much Below Normal	Much Above Normal	Below Normal		
October - December	Below Normal	Normal	Much Above Normal	Normal	Normal	Above Normal	TBD		

BRIDE BROOK, EAST LYME CT

Bride Brook

Reference Site: Pendelton Hill Brook



LONG TERM SITES

Since 2016

Bunnell Brook, Burlington

Since 2017

- Cobble Brook, Kent
- Bride Brook, East Lyme

Since 2018

- Pendleton Hill Brook, North Stonington
- East Branch Eightmile River, Lyme
- Hubbard River, Hartland
- West Branch Salmon Brook, Granby
- Mount Hope River, Ashford
- Brown Brook, Canaan

Monitoring Stream Connectivity with Trail Cameras Project Summary 2016 - 2020



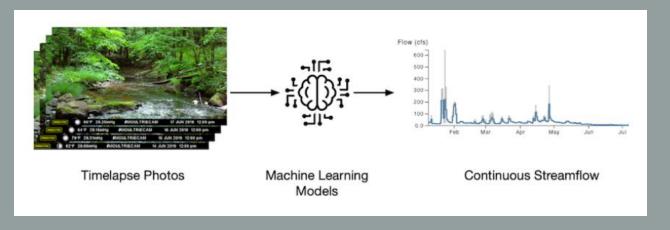
AUTOMATED IMAGE VISUALIZATION, PROCESSING AND CLASSIFICATION

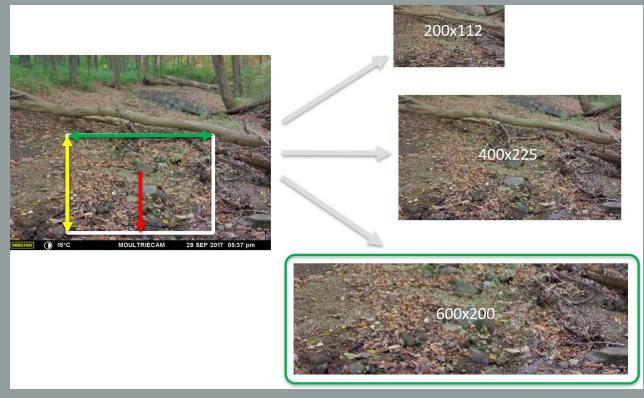
USGS Flow Photo Explorer:

Flow Photo Explorer | USGS

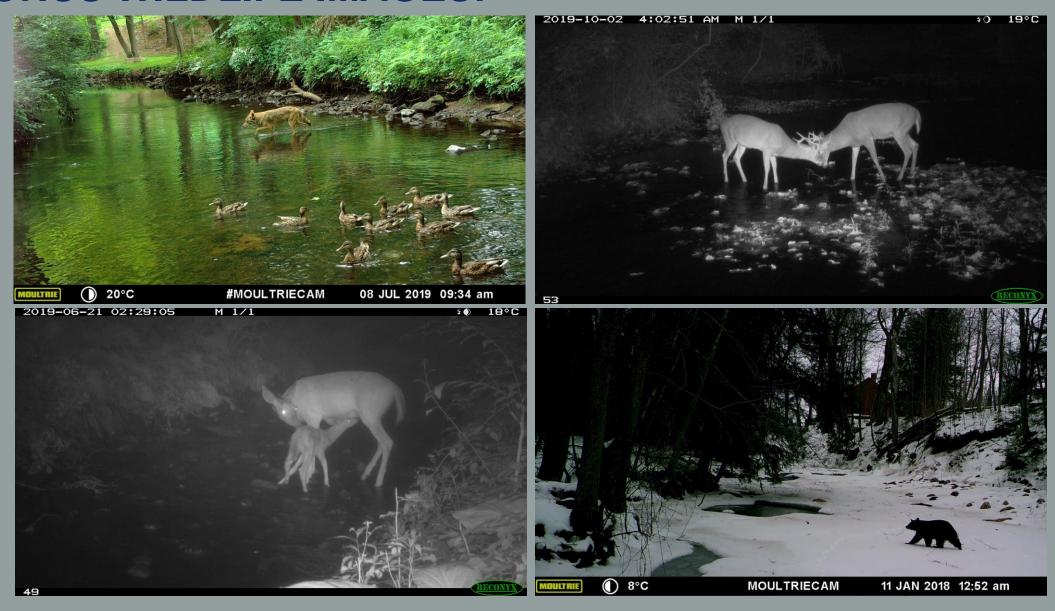
Connecticut College:

A framework for river connectivity classification using temporal image processing and attention based neural networks





BONUS WILDLIFE IMAGES!



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

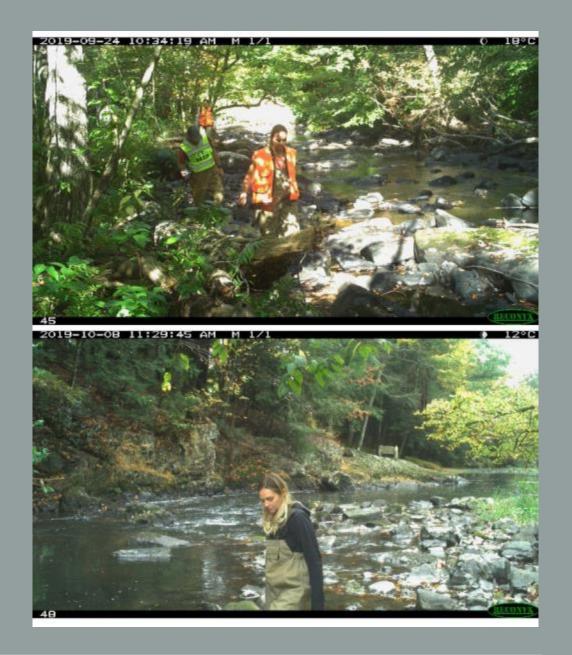
Thanks to...

CT DEEP Water Monitoring and Water Quantity field assistants and program staff

U.S. EPA Region 1 for providing equipment that aids in the collection of data for this study

U.S. EPA and USGS for providing support that aids in visualization and analysis of the data

Connecticut College Informatics Lab for providing research support for image processing and model development



QUESTIONS?

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https://portal.ct.gov/deep/water/inland-water-monitoring/stream-connectivity-monitoring