

Environmental Law Institute

Nuclear Energy in 2023: Where Are We and What's Ahead

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Nuclear Power - Today

- Currently 420+ nuclear reactors worldwide in over 33 countries
 - 394 GWe – total net installed nuclear capacity
 - 10.5% of world's total energy/ 35% of world carbon free generation
 - 13 countries rely on nuclear power for at least ¼ of total generation
- United States is the largest operator with 93 nuclear units
 - 20% of electricity supply/45% of carbon free generation
- 53 countries operate 223 research reactors and more than 200 nuclear reactors power over 160 ships and submarines worldwide
- 54 reactors are in construction in 17 countries – China largest builder
- 30 countries are considering embarking on new nuclear programs





Advanced Nuclear Reactors – Definition/Classification

- Advanced nuclear is categorized in terms of electrical generation capacity
 - Microreactors: <20 MWe
 - Small-scale reactors: 20 MWe - <300 MWe
 - Large-scale reactors: >300 MWe
- Small-scale reactors are often characterized as small modular reactors (SMRs) to reflect method of fabrication and construction
- Further classified by type of moderator transferring heat from the fission reaction to the steam plant
 - Light water (LWRs)
 - High-temperature gas (HTGRs)
 - Liquid metal-cooled
 - Molten salt

Advanced nuclear largely represents innovative, evolutionary applications of historically proven design elements.



Shippingport: the first U.S. commercial nuclear power plant
—and an SMR!

Representative Technologies



Design	Classification	Nameplate Capacity	Licensing Status
NuScale Reactor	Light Water	77 MWe	NRC Certified 50 MWe design in 2022. 77 MWe currently under review. \$1.4 billion DOE funding for UAMPs demonstration of 6-module reactor at Idaho National Lab.
GE Hitachi BWRX-300	Light Water	300 MWe	Selected for deployment by Ontario Power Generation (OPG) and Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA).
Westinghouse AP300	Light Water	300 MWe	Recently announced smaller version of AP1000. Early discussions with USNRC.
Holtec SMR 160	Light Water	160 MWe	Ukraine intends to deploy 20 SMR-160 reactors. Potential deployment in Michigan.
X-Energy XE-100	High-Temp Gas (Pebble Bed)	80 MWe	Selected for ARDP - deployment at Dow site in Texas.
Terrestrial Energy IMSR	Molten Salt	195 MWe	Selected for USNRC/CNSC pilot project. NRC pre-application discussions.
TerraPower Sodium Reactor	Sodium Fast Reactor with Molten Salt Storage System	345 MWe 500 MWe (5 ½ hours) - with Molten Salt	Selected for ARDP- Partnered with PacificCorp to construct near former coal plant in Wyoming.
Oklo Aurora	Liquid Metal Cooled	1.5 MWe/15 MWe	1.5 MWe design under review by USNRC. 2 – 15 MWe units to be deployed in Ohio.
Kairos Power	Pebble Bed with Molten Salt Coolant	140 MWe	Selected for \$30 million risk reduction award by DOE.





Increasing Interest in Advanced Reactors

States

- Increasing number of states have shown interest in deploying advanced reactors as an element of their carbon-avoidance strategies
 - National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
 - Non-nuclear-states: Wyoming, Montana, West Virginia, Idaho, Colorado, North Dakota – non-nuclear states

Non-Utility Interest

- Dow
- Nucor
- Microsoft
- Google





Federal Incentives for Advanced Reactors

Bi-Partisan Infrastructure Bill

- Advanced Reactor Demonstration Program - \$2.5 billion for X-energy and TerraPower
- Nuclear Hydrogen Hubs - \$8 billion total funding

Inflation Reduction Act

- Production Tax Credit (PTC) for operating plants - up to \$15 per MWh
- Technology-Inclusive PTC for Clean Energy - \$30 per MWh
- Technology-Inclusive Investment Tax Credit (ITC) for Clean Electricity – 30%
 - Additional 10% for energy communities and 10% for using U.S. components (stackable)
- Clean Hydrogen Credit - \$3 per kilogram
- \$700 million for high assay low enriched uranium production

Additional Federal Action

Bipartisan support for advanced nuclear

- FY2023 omnibus - nuclear funding set at \$1.47 billion
- FY2024 – Biden request of \$1.56 billion
- H.R. 4394 provides \$1.783 billion (Passed House 10/26)

Advance Act of 2023 – Caputo/Carper Co-Sponsors

- Includes a variety of beneficial provisions –
 - Reduction in NRC licensing fees
 - Eliminates foreign ownership requirement
 - Simplified program for brownfield redevelopment
 - Creates prizes for first mover advanced nuclear companies
 - Extends Price-Anderson Insurance to 2045
- Wide variety of bills introduced in the House and Senate by advanced reactor supporters





Commercial/Regulatory Benefits

- Scalable, 24/7 power to meet incremental electric demand growth.
- Greater flexibility means more potential applications
 - Repowering existing fossil fuel sites
 - Process heat for industrial applications and water purification/desalination and hydrogen production
- Smaller size/modularity
- Lower accident risk from improved safety features
- Reduced emergency evacuation zone
- Emissions-free generation
- Load-following capability



Oklo's Aurora reactor: construction at INL expected to start in mid-2020s. (Oklo 2019)

