

# GAO's Work on Climate Change and Climate Migration

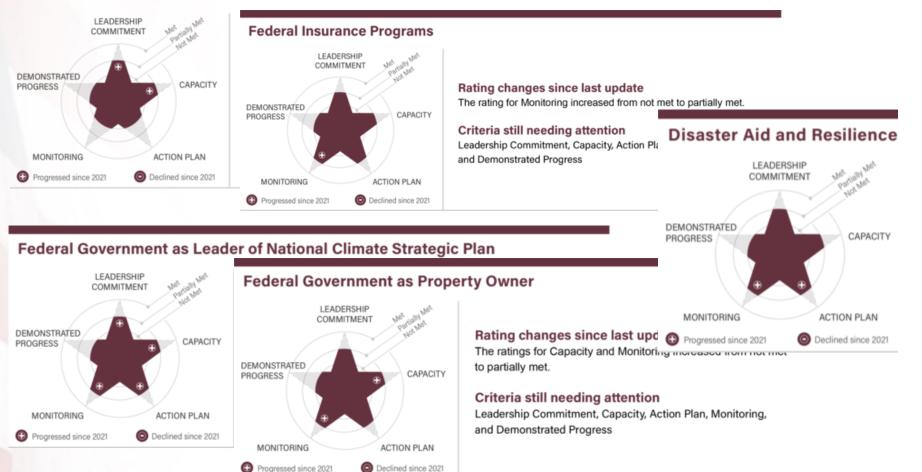
Environmental Law Institute July 26th, 2023

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## GAO's High Risk Series: Limiting the Federal Government's Fiscal Exposure by Better Managing Climate Change Risks

Technical Assistance to Federal, Tribal, State, Local, and Private-Sector Decision Makers





# **Two Categories of Recommendations**

### Agency Mainstreaming

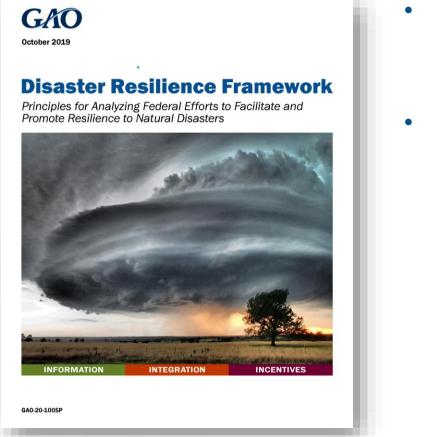
- Water systems
- Roads and bridges
- Defense facilities
- Energy infrastructure
- Superfund sites

### New Institutions

- National Climate Information System
- Identify high-priority adaptation projects
- Address climate migration



## **Disaster Resilience Framework**



- Framework organized around 3 principles—information, integration, and incentives—and a series of questions.
- Framework principles can help:
  - Officials that manage federal agencies/programs consider actions they might take to increase resilience to natural hazards.
  - Identify gaps in existing federal efforts or analyze any type of existing federal effort.

**Disaster Resilience Framework: Principles for Analyzing Federal Efforts to Facilitate and Promote Resilience to Natural Disasters** (GAO-20-100SP)







Shoreline erosion at Newtok, AK, July 2007 to October 2019

### **Methodology:**

- Literature review.
- Interviews with experts and federal, state and local stakeholders.
- Case studies: Newtok, AK; Isle de Jean Charles, LA; Smith Island, MD; Santa Rosa, CA.

### We found:

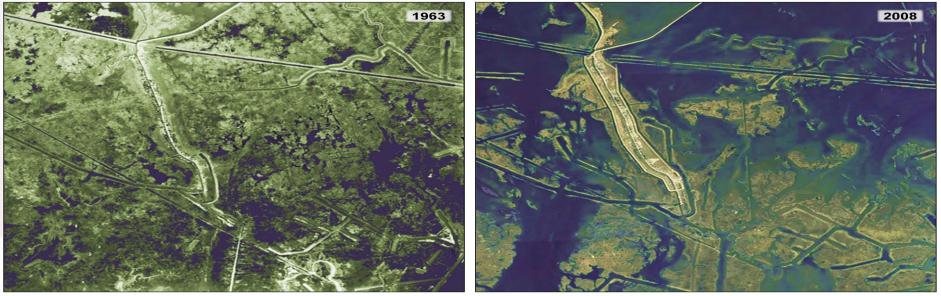
- Federal programs provide limited support to climate migration efforts.
- No federal agency has the authority to lead federal assistance for relocating communities.
- Lack of federal coordination has contributed to delays in Newtok and Isle de Jean Charles.

**Climate Change: A Climate Migration Pilot Program Could Enhance the Nation's Resilience and Reduce Federal Fiscal Exposure** (GAO-20-488)



### We recommended:

Congress should consider establishing a pilot program with clear federal leadership to identify and provide assistance to communities that express affirmative interest in relocation as a resilience strategy.



Source: U.S. Geological Survey. | GAO-20-488

Isle de Jean Charles Land Loss, 1963 to 2008

Climate Change: A Climate Migration Pilot Program Could Enhance the Nation's Resilience and Reduce Federal Fiscal Exposure (GAO-20-488)





Source: G. Crutsinger, Scholar Farms. | GAO-20-488 Coffey Park Neighborhood, Santa Rosa, after the October 2017 Wildfire and in April 2019

# Factors to consider when creating a pilot program:

- Promote community led planning.
- Address limited community capacity and access to funding.
  - Promote coordination across all relevant levels of government.
- Emphasize public service delivery in receiving and migrating communities.

Climate Change: A Climate Migration Pilot Program Could Enhance the Nation's Resilience and Reduce Federal Fiscal Exposure (GAO-20-488)



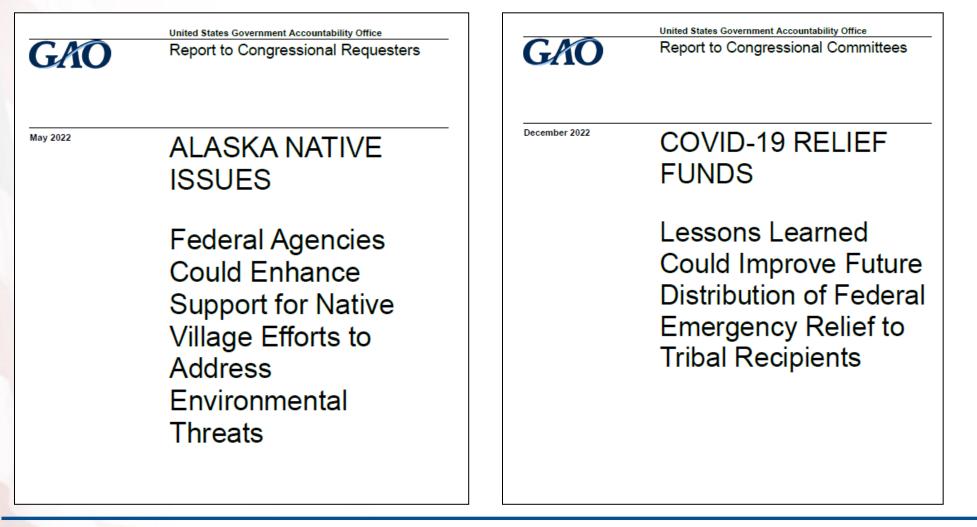
How will climate migration fit into government-wide climate resilience efforts?

- Climate change strategic planning (<u>GAO-23-106203</u>)
- National climate information system (<u>GAO-16-37</u>)
- Expanded use of climate change economics (<u>GAO-17-720</u>)
- Prioritizing climate resilience investments (<u>GAO-20-127</u>)
- Climate migration pilot program (<u>GAO-20-488</u>)

Climate Change: Summary of GAO's Work on Federal Climate Resilience Projects (GAO-23-106362)

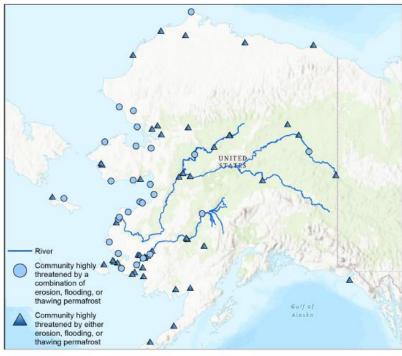


## **Barriers to Accessing Federal Programs**





## **Barriers to Accessing Federal Programs**



Source: GAO analysis of Denali Commission information. | GAO-22-104241

The 73 Native Villages Identified by the Denali Commission as Highly Threatened by Erosion, Flooding, or Thawing Permafrost, as of 2019. (GAO-22-104241)

#### **Common themes to reduce barriers:**

- Reducing administrative and financial burden.
- Transferring appropriations among agencies to use existing mechanisms familiar to Tribes.
- Maximizing flexibility and longer timeframes.
- Coordinating across agencies and with partners.
- Targeted technical assistance.

#### We recommended:

- Agencies and/or an interagency coordinating body review programs and identify ways to address existing barriers. (GAO-22-104241)
- Congress consider enabling agencies to use existing mechanisms to provide future relief. (GAO-23-105473)



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